CHAIN DRIVEN LIVE ROLLER CONVEYOR STRAIGHT AND CURVE

TECHNICAL HANDBOOK

Maintenance, Start Up and Troubleshooting for Your Omni Metalcraft Corp. Equipment
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GENERAL SAFETY STATEMENTS

IMPORTANT REQUIRED READING! ¡IMPORTANTANTE! ¡LECTURA OBLIGATORIA!

To ensure this quality product is safely and correctly utilized, all instructions within this manual must be read and understood prior to equipment start-up. Be aware of all safety labels on machinery. If you do not understand any of the safety instructions or feel there may be safety labels missing, contact your supervisor or product supplier immediately!

Para garantizar que este producto de calidad se utilice correctamente y con seguridad, es necesario leer y comprender las instrucciones incluidas en este manual, antes de comenzar a utilizar el equipo. Esté atento a todas las etiquetas de seguridad que se encuentran en las máquinas. Si no entiende alguna de las instrucciones de seguridad o considera que faltan algunas etiquetas de seguridad, ¡comuníquese inmediatamente con su supervisor o proveedor del producto!

COMPLIANCE WITH SAFETY STANDARDS

Compliance with safety standards, including federal, state and local codes or regulations is the responsibility of the conveyor purchaser(s). Placement of guards, safety labels and other safety equipment is dependent upon the area and use to which the system is applied. A safety study should be made of the conveyor application by the purchaser(s). It is the purchaser’s responsibility to provide any additional guards, safety labels or other safety equipment deemed necessary based on this safety study.

The information contained in this safety manual is correct at the time of printing. Due to the continuing development of product lines, changes in specifications are inevitable. The company reserves the right to implement such changes without prior notice.

If you suspect fire hazards, safety hazards, dangers towards health or any other job safety concerns, consult your federal, state or local codes.

Certain safety information in this document was reprinted from ASME B20.1-2000 by permission of The American Society of Mechanical Engineers. All rights reserved. Inspect equipment for safety labels. Make sure personnel are aware of and follow safety instructions.

Maintain an orderly environment in the vicinity of the conveyor at all times. Clean up spilled materials or lubricants immediately.

All personnel shall be instructed regarding the necessity for continuous care and attention to safety during the operation of a conveyor. They must be trained to identify and immediately report all unsafe conditions or practices relating to the conveyor and its operation.

Know your company’s machine specific Lockout / Tagout procedure. Do Not perform maintenance until electrical disconnect has been turned off!

Replace all safety devices, guards and guarding prior to equipment start-up.

References used for safety instructions in this manual are from: Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association (CEMA) and The American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)
SAFETY INFORMATION: SAFETY LABELS

Safety labels have been placed at various points on the equipment to alert everyone of potential dangers. Inspect equipment for proper position of safety labels and make sure all personnel are aware of the labels and obey their warnings. As mentioned in the previous section, a safety study should be made of the conveyor application by the purchaser(s). It is the purchaser’s responsibility to provide any additional guards, safety labels or other safety equipment deemed necessary based on this safety study. The following pages contain typical safety labels that may have been attached to your equipment.

#110479 (5” x 2 1/2”)
Placed on terminating ends (both ends) where there are exposed moving parts which must be unguarded to facilitate function, i.e. rollers, pulleys, shafts, chains, etc.

#111744 (5” x 2 1/2”)
General warning to personnel that the equipment’s moving parts, which operate unguarded by necessity or function, i.e., air cylinders, etc., create hazards to be avoided.

#111752 (5” x 2 1/2”)
Placed on max. of 20’ centers (both sides) along conveyors which provide surfaces and profiles attractive, but hazardous, for climbing, sitting, walking or riding.

#110478 (5” x 2 1/2”)
Placed on all chain guards to warn that operation of the machinery with guards removed would expose chains, belts, gears, shafts, pulleys, couplings, etc. which create hazards.

#111870 (5” x 3”)
General warning of pinch point hazards.

#113513 (5” x 2 1/2”)
Placed on chain guard base so label is visible when guard cover is removed.

(Continued on next page)
SAFETY INFORMATION: SAFETY LABELS (Continued)

**WARNING**
LOCK OUT POWER before removing guard

#1117750 (1 3/4" x 1 1/4")
Generally placed on smaller guards to alert personnel of potential danger if guard is removed and power is not locked out.

**SHIPPING BRACE**
Remove Before Operating Conveyor!

#111749 (3" x 1 1/4")
Placed on shipping brace which stabilizes equipment during shipping. Brace must be removed before operating! May cause severe injury if not removed.

**CAUTION**
CONVEYOR MAY START WITHOUT WARNING

#110491 (10" x 7")
Placed on equipment where conveyors may start without warning.
1) **LOADING / UNLOADING**
   Have trained personnel load or unload equipment. The conveyor must be properly handled when transferring from the unloading area to final site location to prevent damage.

2) **GUARDS / GUARDING**
   **Interfacing of Equipment.** When two or more pieces of equipment are interfaced, special attention shall be given to the interfaced area to ensure the presence of adequate guarding and safety devices.

   **Guarding Exceptions.** Wherever conditions prevail that would require guarding under this standard but such guarding would render the conveyor unusable, seek guidance from your safety professional.

3) **ANCHORING**
   **DO NOT** operate conveyor unless it is properly anchored. Serious injury or death may result.

4) **SAFETY WARNING**
   Install all safety devices, guards and guarding prior to equipment start-up.
1) ELECTRICAL CODE
All electrical installations and wiring shall conform to federal, state and local codes.

When conveyor operation is not required for a maintenance procedure, electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out following your company’s machine specific procedure.

2) CONTROL STATION
Control stations should be so arranged and located that the operation of the affected equipment is visible from them. Control stations shall be clearly marked or labeled to indicate the function controlled.

A conveyor that would cause injury when started shall not be started until personnel in the area are alerted by a signal or by a designated person that the conveyor is about to start.

Where system function would be seriously hindered or adversely affected by the required time delay, or where the intent of the warning may be misinterpreted (i.e., a work area with many different conveyors and allied devices), a clear, concise, and legible warning sign need to be provided. The warning sign shall indicate that conveyors and allied equipment may be started at any time, that danger exists and that personnel must keep clear. These warning signs shall be provided along the conveyor at areas not guarded by position or location.

Remotely and automatically controlled conveyors, and conveyors where operator stations are not manned or are beyond voice or visual contact from drive areas, loading areas, transfer points and other potentially hazardous locations on the conveyor path not guarded by location, position or guards shall be furnished with emergency stop buttons, pull cords, limit switches or similar emergency stop devices.

All such emergency stop devices shall be easily identifiable in the immediate vicinity of such locations unless guarded by location, position or guards. Where the design, function and operation of such conveyor clearly is not hazardous to personnel, an emergency stop device is not required.

The emergency stop device shall act directly on the control of the conveyor concerned and shall not depend on the stopping of any other equipment. The emergency stop devices shall be installed so that they cannot be overridden from other locations.

Inactive and unused actuators, controllers and wiring should be removed from control stations and panel board, together with obsolete diagrams, indicators, control labels and other material that might confuse the operator.

3) SAFETY DEVICES
All safety devices, including wiring of electrical safety devices, shall be arranged to operate such that a power failure or failure of the device itself will not result in a hazardous condition.

4) EMERGENCY STOPS AND RESTARTS
Conveyor controls shall be so arranged that, in case of emergency stop, manual reset or start at the location where the emergency stop was initiated shall be required for the conveyor(s) and associated equipment to resume operation.

Before restarting a conveyor that has been stopped because of an emergency, an inspection of the conveyor shall be made and the cause of the stoppage determined. The starting device and electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out according to your company’s machine specific procedure before any attempt is made to remove the cause of the stoppage, unless operation is necessary to determine the cause or to safely remove the stoppage.

5) SAFETY WARNING
Replace all safety devices, guards and guarding prior to equipment start-up.
SAFETY INFORMATION: OPERATIONAL SAFETY

Only trained, qualified personnel shall be permitted to operate a conveyor. Training shall include instruction in operation under normal conditions and emergency situations.

Where safety is dependent upon stopping / starting devices, they shall be kept free of obstructions to permit access.

The area around loading and unloading points shall be kept clear of obstructions that could endanger personnel.

Do not ride the load-carrying element of a conveyor under any circumstances, unless the conveyor is designed and equipped with safety and control devices intended to carry personnel. For no reason shall a person ride any element of a vertical conveyor. Warning labels reading “DO NOT RIDE CONVEYOR” shall be affixed by the owner of the conveyor.

Personnel working on or near a conveyor shall be instructed as to the location and operation of pertinent stopping devices.

A conveyor shall be used to transport only a load that it is designed to handle safely.

Under no circumstances shall the safety characteristics of the conveyor be altered.

Routine inspections and preventative and corrective maintenance programs shall be conducted to ensure that all safety features and guards are retained and function properly. Inspect equipment for safety labels. Make sure personnel are aware of and follow safety label instructions.

Alert all personnel to the potential hazard of entanglement in conveyors caused by items such as long hair, loose clothing and jewelry.

SAFETY WARNING
Replace all safety devices, guards and guarding prior to equipment start-up.
1) MAINTENANCE (REPAIR)
Maintenance and service shall be performed by trained, qualified personnel only.

Where lack of maintenance and service would cause a hazardous condition, the user shall establish a maintenance program to ensure that conveyor components are maintained in a condition that does not constitute a hazard to personnel.

No maintenance or service shall be performed when a conveyor is in operation. See “Lubrication” and “Adjustment or Maintenance During Operation” for exceptions.

When a conveyor is stopped for maintenance or service, the starting devices, prime mover, powered accessories or electrical must be locked / tagged out in accordance with a formalized procedure designed to protect all persons or groups involved with the conveyor against an unexpected restart. Personnel should be alerted to the hazard of stored energy, which may exist after the power source is locked out. All safety devices and guards shall be replaced before starting equipment for normal operation.

2) ADJUSTMENT OR MAINTENANCE DURING OPERATION
When adjustments or maintenance must be done while equipment is in operation, only trained, qualified personnel who are aware of the hazards of the conveyor in motion shall be allowed to make adjustments, perform maintenance or service.

Conveyors shall NOT be maintained or serviced while in operation unless proper maintenance or service requires the conveyor to be in motion. If conveyor operation is required, personnel shall be made aware of the hazards and how the task may be safely accomplished.

3) LUBRICATION
Conveyors shall NOT be lubricated while in operation unless it is impractical to shut them down for lubrication. Only trained and qualified personnel who are aware of the hazards of the conveyor in motion shall be allowed to lubricate a conveyor that is operating.

Where the drip of lubricants or process liquids on the floor constitutes a hazard, drip pans or other means of eliminating the hazard must be provided by purchaser(s).

4) MAINTENANCE OF GUARDS AND SAFETY DEVICES
Guards and safety devices shall be maintained in a serviceable and operational condition. Warning signs are the responsibility of the owner of the conveyor and must be maintained in a legible / operational condition.
SAFETY INFORMATION: MAINTENANCE / SERVICE SAFETY (Continued)

5) INSPECTIONS
   Routine inspections with preventative and/or corrective maintenance programs shall be conducted to ensure that all safety features and devices are maintained and function properly.

   All personnel shall inspect for hazardous conditions at all times. Remove sharp edges or protruding objects. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

6) CLEANING
   Where light cleaning and/or casing cleaning are required, they shall be performed by trained personnel. The conveyor electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out following your company’s machine specific procedures. Special attention may be required at feed and discharge points.

7) SAFETY WARNING
   Replace all safety devices, guards and guarding prior to equipment start-up.
UNCRATING CHECKLIST
1) Compare the bill of lading with what you have received (including accessories).
2) Examine the equipment for damage.
3) Immediately report shortage or damages to the vendor and carrier.
4) Obtain a signed damage report from the carrier and send a copy to the vendor.

Do not attempt to modify or repair damaged equipment without authorization from vendor.

Note: Do not return equipment to the factory without a written return authorization. Returns without written authorization will not be accepted.

AFTER COMPLETING THE “UNCRATING CHECKLIST”
1) Remove crating and packaging.
2) Look for boxes, accessories, bags or components such as fasteners, manuals, guard rails etc. that may be banded or fastened to the crating material.

Note: Make sure all fasteners, guards and essential components are not discarded.
SQUARING
Frame squareness can be checked by using a simple right angle square as shown or by measuring from the same points diagonally, corner to corner.

Note:
Make sure frames are square (as shown) or products will skew and tumble from the conveyor. Failure to square frames may also cause premature conveyor wear and failure.

GENERAL INSTALLATION: USING TURNBUCKLES TO SQUARE CONVEYOR
Bolt together conveyor frames may be brought square by means of attaching turnbuckles to each corner and turning them down appropriately until square.

Note:
Only trained professionals should attempt to square up a conveyor. If frames have been damaged in freight, follow the “returns, damages and shortages” protocol on page 11.
GENERAL INSTALLATION: COUPLING / ATTACHING BED SECTIONS

COUPLING
1. Position the conveyors in the desired location with the chain guards aligned.
2. Couple the conveyor frames at the end couplers using fasteners provided as shown in figure 1.
3. Bolt together the conveyor frames and hand tighten the bolts.
4. Ensure that frames are level and in line with adjacent sections before securing all bolts. (Adjust the supports as necessary for leveling.)
5. Securely tighten the frame coupling bolts.
6. Remove the chain guards from one or both sections of conveyor.
7. Wrap the supplied slave chain loop around the open sprockets of the end rollers.
8. Connect the ends of the slave chain using the connecting link as shown in figure 2.
9. Replace the chain guards.

Note:
For ease of installation, mount legs on each conveyor section prior to coupling.

FIGURE 1

FIGURE 2
ATTACH LEGS TO THE CONVEYOR
Secure leg supports to the conveyor as shown in the figures below.
See page 16 for knee brace installation.

PERMANENT INSTALLATION OF LEGS
Once the conveyor has been assembled with legs and knee braces (if equipped), the legs can be secured to the floor utilizing the lag holes in the adjustable leg boots.

Note:
Make sure the conveyor is level by placing a level on the conveyor side frames. If the conveyor is not level, adjust the legs appropriately as shown on page 15.
LEG SUPPORTS AND INSTALLATION

WELDED LEG ADJUSTMENTS

WELDED LEG ADJUSTMENT: JACK-BOLT

1) The conveyor electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out following your company’s machine specific procedures.
2) Remove all load from the conveyor.
3) Position conveyor in the location to be installed.
4) Support conveyor section with jack, hoist or forklift.
5) Carefully loosen the retaining bolt.
6) Carefully loosen the jam nut holding the jack-bolt in position on the jack-bolt plate.
7) Adjust the boot position by turning the jack-bolt.
8) Ensure that the conveyor is completely level. (reference leveling note above)
9) Tighten the jam nut securely against the jack-bolt plate using torque appropriate for each fastener’s size and grade. (grade 5 fasteners provided)
10) Tighten the retaining bolt using torque appropriate for each fastener’s size and grade. (grade 5 fasteners provided)

WELDED LEG ADJUSTMENT: NON-JACK-BOLT

1) The conveyor electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out following your company’s machine specific procedures.
2) Remove all load from the conveyor.
3) Position conveyor in the location to be installed.
4) Support conveyor section with jack, hoist or forklift.
5) Carefully loosen the retaining bolt.
6) Lift or lower conveyor until it is at the desired height.
7) Ensure that the conveyor is completely level. (reference leveling note above)
8) Tighten fasteners using torque appropriate for each fastener’s size and grade. (grade 5 fasteners provided)
9) Secure the leg boot to the upright by either of the methods listed below:
   A) Weld the boot into place.
   B) Drill through boot and upright and bolt the boot securely into place.
INSTALLING KNEE BRACES

1) After leg supports are set in place, attach the brace bracket.
2) Attach knee brace angle to the leg support and brace bracket.

Note:
Knee braces are recommended when the conveyor height exceeds 36” and/or when additional stability is needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DETAIL</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>UPRIGHT</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>SPREADER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>BRACE BRACKET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>KNEEBRACE ANGLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>JACK BOLT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>JACKBOLT STYLE FOOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>HEX HEAD CAP SCREW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>BEVEL WASHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>HEX NUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>FLAT WASHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>LOCK WASHER</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1) Review pages 7 and 8 prior to starting any equipment.
2) Verify that conveyor sections, leg supports, etc. were installed properly.
3) Verify that all roller-to-roller and drive chains and sprockets are installed, aligned, and tensioned properly.
4) Verify that set screws are fastened securely in sprockets, bearings, etc.
5) Check all fastening hardware. Tighten securely.
6) Verify that all motor control wiring is connected properly.
7) Verify that conveyor is not loaded with product.
8) Verify that gearboxes are filled with the proper amount of oil or that they were factory filled with lube. (If your conveyor is equipped with a Boston 700 Series Reducer, it is filled with oil, sealed and lubed for life thus requiring no oil changes. Literature provided with equipment will give detailed info on gearbox lube info)
9) Verify that the gearbox has necessary vent plugs installed if applicable. (If your conveyor is equipped with a Boston 700 Series Reducer, it is supplied with a PosiVent® and no vent plug is required. Literature provided with equipment will give detailed info on gearbox vent plug requirements.)
10) Non Jack-Bolt leg boots are to be welded to leg uprights or bolted in place prior to introduction of product loads. See page 15.
 DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET ALIGNMENT
To achieve maximum service life and efficiency from a chain drive, follow these simple guidelines:

- Visually inspect the roller chain, sprockets, and other components and verify that they are in good condition.
- Ensure that the sprockets are properly aligned.
- Adequately lubricate the chain.
- Inspect for proper chain tension.

CONDITION OF COMPONENTS
Shafting and bearings should be supported rigidly to maintain the initial alignment.
Roller chain should be free of grit and dirt. Wash chain in kerosene when required. Relubricate.

DRIVE ALIGNMENT
Misalignment results in uneven loading across the width of the chain and may cause roller link-plate and sprocket tooth wear. Drive alignment involves two things: parallel shaft alignment and axial sprocket alignment.

ALIGNING SHAFTS
Shafts should be parallel and level. If there is axial movement of the shaft (as in the case of an electric motor), lock the shaft in the normal running position before aligning the sprockets.

ALIGNING SPROCKETS
Sprocket axial alignment can be checked with a straight edge which will extend across the finished sides of the two sprockets. Normally, it is good practice to align the sprockets as close to the shaft bearing as possible. For long center distances, use a taut cord, or wire long enough to extend beyond each of the sprockets.

WARNING:
Before performing any maintenance, lubrication or inspection on any powered conveyor, the electrical power must be turned off and locked / tagged out following your company’s machine specific procedure. NEVER operate the conveyor with any guard removed.
INSTALLING THE CHAIN
Recheck all preceding adjustments for alignment and make certain all setscrews, bolts and nuts are tight. Fit chain around both sprockets and bring the free ends together on one sprocket for connection. The sprocket teeth will locate the chain end links. Install the connecting link, connecting link cover plate and the spring clip or cotter pins. On larger pitch chains or heavy multiple strand, it may be necessary to lock the sprockets for this operation.

CHAIN TENSION
Check chain tension to be certain the slack span has an approximate 2% mid-span movement.

CHAIN TOO TIGHT
Requires extra power and causes excessive wear

CHAIN TOO LOOSE
Causes excessive wear and excessive noise

CORRECT SLACK
Approximately 2% of sprocket centers

PRE-START-UP OVERVIEW: DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET TENSION

PRE-START-UP OVERVIEW: GEAR REDUCER VENT PLUG

PosiVent®
Omni Metalcraft Corp. standardly supplies the Boston Gear PosiVent® option for all current 700 series styles and configurations. This specially-designed internal pressure equalization system allows the gearbox to operate in all environments without the use of conventional pressure vents. The unique design comes complete with Klubersynth UH1 6-460 lubrication pre-filled for all mounting positions. Unlike competitive versions, this unique single seam design allows for easy installation and extended life. This means longer trouble-free operation with virtually no maintenance.
CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF CHAIN
Proper maintenance of any chain should include correct lubrication, periodic inspection and proper adjustment for normal wear. Periodic inspection of the chain and sprockets is required to detect any deviation from normal wear before serious damage takes place. The cost of such inspection is repaid many times in extended chain life and in freedom from failure. No general rule can be given for the frequency of inspection. The frequency should be influenced by conditions of operation.

CHAIN LUBRICATION AND ENVIRONMENT
One of the most important factors in getting the best possible performance out of our drive chain is proper lubrication. A well lubricated chain will have an operating life much longer than that of an unlubricated chain. Wear between the pin and bushing causes drive chain to elongate. These parts should, therefore, be well lubricated. The gap between the roller link plate and the pin link plate on the slack side of the chain should be filled with oil. This oil forms a film which minimizes wear on the pin and bushing, thus increasing the chain’s service life. It also reduces noise and acts as a coolant when the chain runs at high speeds.

Clean Atmosphere: Chains operating in a relatively clean atmosphere can be lubricated by brush or drip-feed oilers or by applying the lubricant manually with a brush or oil can.

Atmosphere with Lint or Non-Abrasive Dust: Where large volumes of lint or non-abrasive dust are present, a brush or wiper can be used to clean the chain and apply a lubricant. Otherwise the lint or dust will clog the chain joint clearance and prevent penetration of the oil into the joints.

Abrasive Atmosphere: If abrasives come in contact with chain, lubrication becomes more difficult. When lubricants are applied externally, abrasive particles tend to adhere to the chain surfaces and act as a lapping or grinding compound. Under extreme conditions it is sometimes advisable to avoid chain lubrication.

Extreme Conditions: Consult a lubricant manufacturer when chains are required to operate at temperatures outside of those indicated in the chart below or if chains are used in other extreme conditions.

SUGGESTED LUBRICATION
Only high quality oil should be used to lubricate chain. Neither heavy oil nor grease is suitable. The lubricant should have a viscosity to enable it to reach internal surfaces under normal conditions. Lubricants suggested for specific ambient temperatures and chain speed ranges are given in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHAIN NUMBER</th>
<th>TEMPERATURE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15° - 35° F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANSI 25 - 50</td>
<td>SAE10W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANSI 60 - 100</td>
<td>SAE20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANSI 120 - 240</td>
<td>SAE30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4&quot; &amp; 6&quot; PITCH</td>
<td>SAE20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ENGINEERED CHAIN)</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Note:
Review pages 7 through 10 prior to maintaining any equipment.
If equipment repair or replacement is required during inspections, thoroughly review the manufacturer’s specific product information for correct procedure.

DAILY MAINTENANCE
● Inspect all conveyors to ensure that all guarding is securely in place.

WEEKLY MAINTENANCE
● Inspect conveyor for loose bolts and set screws.
● Inspect conveyor for unusual or excessive noise or heat in bearings, reducers and motors.
● Inspect conveyor chains to ensure that they run freely and without excessive noise.

MONTHLY MAINTENANCE
● Inspect reducers for leaks around seals. If required, check lubrication for proper level or amount.
● Inspect drive chains and sprockets for wear, alignment and proper chain tension. Inspect all other chains and sprockets for wear and lubricate. For chain lubrication information see page 20.

QUARTERLY MAINTENANCE
● Grease all drive roller bearings. Use a No. 2 lithium base grease or equivalent.

ANNUAL MAINTENANCE
● Change oil in reducers. (If your conveyor is equipped with a Boston 700 Series Reducer, it is filled with oil, sealed and lubed for life thus requiring no oil changes. See manufacturer’s information for recommended lubricant at specific temperatures. This information is shipped with every reducer.)
● If Boston Reducers are supplied they are equipped with PosiVent®. DO NOT remove vent or change location. These reducers are sealed for life.
REPORT ON MISCELLANEOUS MAINTENANCE PERFORMANCE

Date

Maintenance Performed:
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____________________________________________________________________________________________
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Date

Maintenance Performed:
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<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>CAUSE</th>
<th>SOLUTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>Conveyor does not start or</td>
<td>Motor is overloaded</td>
<td>Check for conveyor overload</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>motor stalls frequently</td>
<td>Motor is drawing excessive</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>current</td>
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<tr>
<td>Excessive drive chain and/or</td>
<td>Insufficient lubrication</td>
<td>Lubricate chain</td>
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<tr>
<td>sprocket wear</td>
<td>Misaligned sprockets</td>
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<td>Loose drive chain</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Excessive chain tension</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loud popping/grinding noise</td>
<td>Defective bearing</td>
<td>Replace bearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose set screw on drive</td>
<td>Check key and tighten set screw on drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sprocket</td>
<td>sprocket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improperly tensioned drive</td>
<td>Tension drive chain and align drive sprockets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>chain</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overheating motor and/or</td>
<td>Overloaded conveyor</td>
<td>Check for conveyor overload</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reducer</td>
<td>Low voltage to motor</td>
<td>Apply proper voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient reducer</td>
<td>Fill reducer lubricant reservoir if applicable</td>
</tr>
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</table>
PARTS LISTS: CDLR STRAIGHT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DETAIL</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CDLR CONVEYOR FRAME WELDMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>POWER ROLLER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>ROLLER CHAIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>DRIVE BASE WELDMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>MOTOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>REDUCER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>DRIVE SPROCKET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DRIVE CHAIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>DRIVE GUARD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>CHAIN GUARD TOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>CHAIN GUARD END CAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>KEYSOCK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>HEX HEAD CAP SCREW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>FLAT WASHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>BEVEL WASHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>LOCK WASHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>HEX NUT</td>
</tr>
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</table>
# PARTS LISTS: CDLR CURVE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>17</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
DRIVE MOUNT OPTIONS
Parts listed on page 24.

DRIVE MOUNTED HIGH

DRIVE MOUNTED LOW

DRIVE MOUNTED UNDERHUNG
Abbreviated Warranty

Omni Metalcraft Corp. warrants that the Equipment will be free of defects in workmanship and material (if properly installed, operated and maintained) for a period of one year or 2080 hours of use, whichever is sooner, from date of shipment to Customer, subject to the limitations hereunder set forth. If within the one year warranty period, Omni receives from the Customer written notice of any alleged defects in the Equipment and if the Equipment is not found to be in conformity with this warranty (the Customer having provided Omni a reasonable opportunity to perform any appropriate tests thereon) Omni will, at its option, either repair the Equipment or supply a replacement therefore.

*The above stated information is in reference to a section of Omni Metalcraft’s full Terms and Conditions of sale. This information does not constitute an agreement, but simply reference information. To obtain a full copy of Omni Metalcraft’s Terms and Conditions of Sale, please contact your Sales Representative.